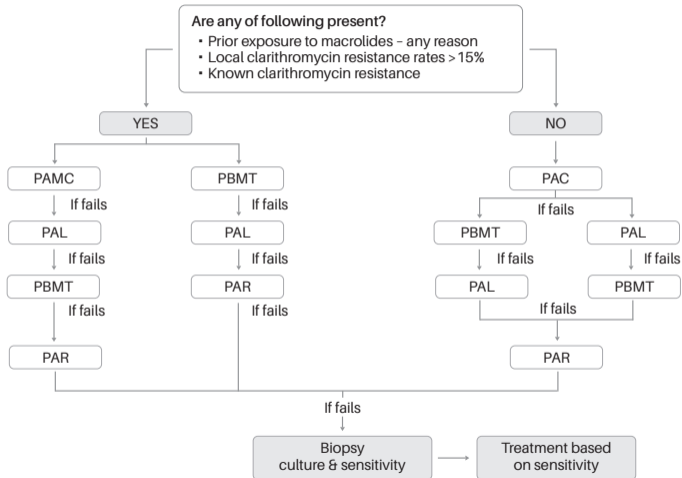


Suggested management of active *Helicobacter pylori* infection



Treatment assessment:

Test	Urea breath test (UBT) or Faecal antigen test (FAT)
Biopsy	Gastric/duodenal biopsy and culture if not already done
PBMT	PPI + Bismuth [†] + Metronidazole + Tetracycline ^{†*}
PAMC	PPI + Amoxicillin + Metronidazole + Clarithromycin
PMC	PPI + Metronidazole + Clarithromycin
PAC	PPI + Amoxicillin + Clarithromycin
PAL	PPI + Amoxicillin + Levofloxacin ^{†§}
PAR	PPI + Amoxicillin + Rifabutin [†]

[†] Where antibiotics are not available through the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme, they can be accessed via the Special Access Scheme, Therapeutic Goods Association (TGA).

^{*} Doxycycline can be substituted for T, although some evidence this may be inferior.

[§] Moxifloxacin can be substituted for L.

Note: adjust if known penicillin allergy.

Duration of treatment has generally been increased to 14 days.